Stock code: 1464

DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Shareholders' Meeting in 2025 Meeting Agenda

Time: June 10, 2025

Location: No. 820, Fuxing Road, Sanshe Village, Xinshi

District, Tainan City

The type of the shareholders' meeting:

Physicalshareholders' meeting

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DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. Meeting Agenda of Shareholders' meeting in 2025

Time: 9:00 am on Friday, June 10, 2025

Location: No. 820, Fuxing Road, Sanshe Village, Xinshi District, Tainan City (The first floor of the company's employee activity center) Physical shareholders' meeting

Meeting procedure:

- 1. Start of the meeting (report on the number of shareholders present)
- 2. Chairman's Statement
- 3. Announcements
 - (1).Report of the allocation of Directors' remuneration and Employee bonus stock in 2024
 - (2).2024Annual Business Report
 - (3). Report of the 2024 final accounts reviewed by the Audit Committee
 - (4).Report of investment in China
 - (5). Report of the Company's endorsements and guarantees
- 4. Acknowledgement
 - (1).2024 business report and proposals for ratification of individual financial statements and consolidated financial statements
 - (2). Proposal for recognition of earnings distribution in 2024
- 5. Discussion matters
 - (1). Proposal in discussion for amendment of Company's Articles of Incorporation
 - (2). Proposal in discussion for transfer of surplus into capital increase and issuance of new shares
- 6. Extraordinary motions
- 7. Adjournment

Announcements

Case 1:

Cause of action: Report of the allocation of Directors' remuneration and Employee remuneration in 2024.

- Explanation: 1. According to the articles of incorporation of the Company: if the Company makes profits for the year, it shall allocate no less than 4% as employee remuneration, which shall be distributed in stock or cash by the resolution of the Board of Directors, and the payment shall be paid to employees of subsidiary companies who meet certain conditions; The above-mentioned opening profit amount shall be allocated not more than 3% as director's remuneration by the resolution of the Board of Directors.
 - 2.The Company's 2024 profit was NT\$580,563,099, 4% from which was allocated as employees' compensation as NT\$23,222,524 and distributed in cash. 1.5% of 2024 profit was directors' compensation of NT\$8,708,446 and net profit before tax was NT\$548,632,129 after allocation.
 - 3. The proposal has been reviewed and approved by the fifth meeting of the fifth Session of Compensation Committee on March 10, 2025 and approved by the 12th Board of Directors of the 18th Session on March 10, 2025.

Case 2:

Cause of action: 2024Annual Business Report

Explanation:

2024Annual Business Report

- 1.Business report of the previous year (2024)
 - (1) Implementation results of the business plan:

Unit: Thousand New Taiwan Dollars

<u></u>	Unit: Thousand New Taiwan Dollar			Taiwan Dollars
Year Item	2024	2023	Increase (decrease) amount	The proportion of changes%
Net sales revenue	11,856,797	9,742,159	2,114,638	21.71
Other operating income	137,225	87,875	49,350	56.16
Total operating income	11,994,022	9,830,034	2,163,988	22.01
Operating cost	9,727,851	8,280,635	1,447,216	17.48
Operating margin	2,266,171	1,549,399	716,772	46.26
Realized operating margin	2,266,171	1,549,399	716,772	46.26
Marketing cost	791,469	549,580	241,899	44.01
Management cost	934,813	840,689	94,124	11.20
Research and development cost	220,441	201,169	19,272	9.58
Loss of expected credit impairment	11,746	41,723	(29,977)	(71.85)
Total operating costs	1,958,469	1,633,161	325,308	19.92
Other income and net expenses	284,438	(30,669)	315,107	1,027.44
Operating profit (net loss)	592,140	(114,431)	706,571	617.46
Total non-operating income and expenses	94,070	304,922	(210,852)	(69.15)
Net profit before tax (net loss)	686,210	190,491	495,719	260.23
Income tax expense (benefits)	170,560	74,581	95,979	128.69
Net profit (net loss) for the year	515,650	115,910	399,740	344.87
Other comprehensive profit and loss (net after tax)	221,089	(40,575)	261,664	644.89
Total comprehensive profit and loss for the year	736,739	75,335	661,404	877.95

Overview of production and sales:

① Production: The production of spun fabric in 2024 is 15,707 thousand yards, which was a growth of 69.82% compared to 2023's 9,249thousand yards. Filament fabric is 118,786 thousand yards, which was a growth of 6.08% compared to

- 2023's 111,982 thousand yards.
- ② Sales: In 2024, the sales of short fiber fabrics reached 15,863 thousand yards, an increase of 51.55% compared to 10,467 thousand yards in 2023. The sales of long fiber fabrics reached 130,536 thousand yards, an increase of 21.76% compared to 107,204 thousand yards in 2023.
- (2) Budget execution status: Not applicable
- (3) Analysis of financial income and expenditure and profitability:

Unit: %

Item			2024	2023
Einanaial	Debt-to-asset ratio (%)		63.23	63.18
Financial structure	The ratio of long-term funds to fixed assets (%)		153.50	
	Current ratio (%)		132.65	145.88
Solvency	Quick ratio (%)		61.73	69.99
	Interest coverage ratio		4.21	1.81
	Return on assets (%)		4.41	1.85
	Return on equity (%)		8.95	2.06
Drofitability	bility Percentage of paid-in capital (%)	Business interest	14.53	(2.81)
Profitability		Net profit before tax	16.83	4.67
	Net profit rate (%)		4.30	1.18
	Earnings per share (NTD)		1.04	0.13

(4) R&D development status:

①.R&D expenses invested each year as of Mar 31, 2025 and recent years

	2024	The current year ends on March 31, 2025
Expense	220,441thousand NTD	88,776thousand NTD
% Of turnover	1.84%	2.56%

- ②.Successfully developed products in 2024
 - (A) SHARP MEMORY AIR TEXTURE YARN FABRIC.
 - (B) WOOL LIKE MECH-STRETCH FABRIC.
 - (C) FINE DENIER BI-COMPONENT RECYCLE MECH-STRETCH FABRIC.
 - (D) TPEE COMPOSIT YARN STRETCH FABRIC.
 - (E) Y/D SHARP MEMORY AIR TEXTURE YARN FABRIC.
 - (F) Y/D WOOL LIKE MECH-STRETCH FLANNEL FABRIC.
 - (G) CROSS WEAVING 3D FABRIC WITH SYNTHETIC AND SPUN FIBER.
 - (H) LYOCELL AND RECYCLE POLYESTER BLEND FABRIC.
 - (I) 2-LAYER BONDING FABRIC WITH FACE SIDE DWR AND BACK SIDE WICKNG FUNCTION.
 - (J) TPU FILM 3-Layer Lamination WITH 20K M.V.P.

2.Summary of this year's business plan (2025)

The business policy in 2025 is mainly to develop environmentally friendly, functional and fashionable products that meet environmental requirements, and actively cooperate with upstream raw material manufacturers to develop new environmentally friendly materials and auxiliaries, and integrate our factory's false twist, weaving, dyeing and

finishing processing and processing. Innovative technology for post-processing, laminating, coating, and other equipment to enhance product quality and added value. Efforts to transform the production technology, in terms of spun fabric: 1. Production of filament YD cloth. 2. Fine count cotton fabric. 3. Produce new spun and filament blended fabric. Functional products that combine fashion, leisure and comfort. In terms of filament fabric: Focus on high-tech innovation, and produce functional products that are lighter, thinner, more flexible, comfortable, and environmentally friendly.

- (1).Business policies and important production and sales policies:
 - ①. Deepen cooperation with brand customers to enhance business stability. Strengthen interactions with brand customers and actively establish direct cooperative relationships with final buyers/brand customers to increase sales volume and order stability. Fully grasp core and potential markets, including GOLF products, UNIFORM products, CASUAL products, sports functional products, special wear-resistant products, and environmentally sustainable products (such as fabrics related to environmental and marine protection).
 - ②. Strengthen the promotion of core products and the integration of the supply chain.

 Filament product: elastic sports cloth, soluble yarn, fleece

 Spun product: Elastic shirt cloth,flannel,Interlacing dyed cloth

 •
 - ③. Develop functional fabrics and expand the global market.

 Deeply develop functional home textile fabrics, apparel fabrics, SPORT, and OUTDOOR fabrics.

 Home textiles: Focus on mainland China, Northern Europe, and Italy, with BVB yarn and woolen yarn as the main products.

 Apparel market: Focus on expanding North American and European brands, with sports, casual, fashion, yoga, and outerwear as the main application areas.
 - ④. Expand sales channels and strengthen market coverage.

 Consolidate existing distributors and actively develop new distributors (such as ecommerce brands) to increase overall order volume.

 Establish a rapid response mechanism to meet immediate market demands.
 - ⑤. Enhance research and development capabilities and product innovation.

 Strengthen product planning and quality management to accelerate the development of differentiated products.

 In response to the ASEAN seven countries' zero-tariff policy on garments, improve product competitiveness.
 - ⑥. Develop sports and leisure products to enhance adaptability to all environments. Research and develop the latest materials such as: mitation knitted elastic fabric, Tencel cotton feel processed yarn, High elasticity and high recovery elastic processed yarn, as well as Brushed blended elastic fabric. Actively develop multifunctional comfortable fabrics that are suitable for work, leisure, and sports.
 - (7). Promote environmental sustainability to align with global environmental trends. Comply with environmental regulations and implement sustainable development strategies.

 In response to market changes, enhance the environmental sustainability of sports products to meet consumers' high concern for environmental functionality.
 - (8). Strengthen the competitiveness of the Vietnam production base.

Deepen cooperation with Vietnamese garment factories to meet local garment production needs through the local supply chain, shorten delivery times, and enhance competitiveness.

Technical cooperation: Collaborate with Japanese trading companies by dispatching technical teams to Vietnam's De Licacy factory to strengthen technology and quality control, ensuring compliance with Japanese customer standards and increasing product added value

(2).Expected sales quantity and its basis (the following expected sales volume is estimated by the business department based on the current economic situation):

Main product	Filament fabric	Spun fabric
Expected sales quantity this year	143,590 Thousand yards	17,449 Thousand yards

Chairman: Chia-Min Yeh Manager: Yi-Nung Yu Accounting Supervisor: Huang Hsiu-Fen

Case 3:

Cause of action: Report of the 2024 final accounts reviewed by the Audit Committee.

Explanation: The 2024 Financial Report of the Company, been approved by the Board of Directors and audited by CPA, along with business report and the earnings distribution statement, were submitted for review by the audit committee and its review report was provided.

DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Audit Committee Approval Report

The audit committee agreed and passed the resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company's 2024business report, financial statements, and earnings distribution, including financial statements (balance sheet, consolidated income statement, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement) and consolidated financial statements. The report was issued by the Board of Directors of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited's accountants Liao Hung-Ju and Wang Teng Wei to audit the completion of the visa and an audit report of unmodified opinion was issued.

The Audit Committee is responsible for supervising the Company's financial reporting process.

The certified accountant visas the Company's 2024 financial statements and communicates with the audit committee on the following matters:

- 1. There are no major findings in the inspection scope and time planned by the certified public accountant.
- 2. The certified public accountant provided the audit committee with the personnel of the accounting firm's affiliated firm subject to independence regulations, and has complied with the statement of independence in the professional ethics of accountants, and has not found other relationships that may be considered to affect the independence of accountants and other matters.
- 3. The certified public accountant communicates with the audit committee on key audit matters, and the key audit matters that must be communicated in the audit report have been included in the audit report.

The Company's 2024 financial statements, business reports, and earnings distribution, approved by the audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors are in compliance with relevant laws and regulations. A report is prepared in accordance with Article 219 of the Company Act.

Please verify Sincerely

DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. 2025 shareholders' meeting

Independent director: Huang Junren

Audit Committee Approval Report

The audit committee agreed and passed the resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company's 2024 business report, financial statements, and earnings distribution, including financial statements (balance sheet, consolidated income statement, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement) and consolidated financial statements. The report was issued by the Board of Directors of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited's accountants Liao Hung-Ju and Wang Teng Wei to audit the completion of the visa, an audit report of unmodified opinion was issued.

The Audit Committee is responsible for supervising the Company's financial reporting process.

The certified accountant visas the Company's 2024 financial statements and communicates with the audit committee on the following matters:

- 1. There are no major findings in the inspection scope and time planned by the certified public accountant.
- 2. The certified public accountant provided the audit committee with the personnel of the accounting firm's affiliated firm subject to independence regulations, and has complied with the statement of independence in the professional ethics of accountants, and has not found other relationships that may be considered to affect the independence of accountants and other matters.
- The certified public accountant communicates with the audit committee on key audit matters, and the key audit matters that must be communicated in the audit report have been included in the audit report.

The Company's 2024 financial statements, business reports, and earnings distribution approved by the audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors are in compliance with relevant laws and regulations. A report is prepared in accordance with Article 219 of the Company Act.

Please verify Sincerely

DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. 2025 shareholders' meeting

Independent director: Su Baicheng

Audit Committee Approval Report

The audit committee agreed and passed the resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company's 2024 business report, financial statements, and earnings distribution, including financial statements (balance sheet, consolidated income statement, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement) and consolidated financial statements. The report was issued by the Board of Directors of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited's accountants Liao Hung-Ju and Wang Teng Wei to audit the completion of the visa, an audit report of unmodified opinion was issued.

The Audit Committee is responsible for supervising the Company's financial reporting process.

The certified accountant visas the Company's 2024 financial statements and communicates with the audit committee on the following matters:

- 1. There are no major findings in the inspection scope and time planned by the certified public accountant.
- 2. The certified public accountant provided the audit committee with the personnel of the accounting firm's affiliated firm subject to independence regulations, and has complied with the statement of independence in the professional ethics of accountants, and has not found other relationships that may be considered to affect the independence of accountants and other matters.
- The certified public accountant communicates with the audit committee on key audit matters, and the key audit matters that must be communicated in the audit report have been included in the audit report.

The Company's 2024 financial statements, business reports, and earnings distribution approved by the audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors are in compliance with relevant laws and regulations. A report is prepared in accordance with Article 219 of the Company Act.

Please verify Sincerely

DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. 2025 shareholders' meeting

Independent director: Huang Shih-ying

Audit Committee Approval Report

The audit committee agreed and passed the resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company's 2024 business report, financial statements, and earnings distribution, including financial statements (balance sheet, consolidated income statement, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement) and consolidated financial statements. The report was issued by the Board of Directors of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited's accountants Liao Hung-Ju and Wang Teng Wei to audit the completion of the visa, an audit report of unmodified opinion was issued.

The Audit Committee is responsible for supervising the Company's financial reporting process.

The certified accountant visas the Company's 2024 financial statements and communicates with the audit committee on the following matters:

- 1. There are no major findings in the inspection scope and time planned by the certified public accountant.
- 2. The certified public accountant provided the audit committee with the personnel of the accounting firm's affiliated firm subject to independence regulations, and has complied with the statement of independence in the professional ethics of accountants, and has not found other relationships that may be considered to affect the independence of accountants and other matters.
- The certified public accountant communicates with the audit committee on key audit matters, and the key audit matters that must be communicated in the audit report have been included in the audit report.

The Company's 2024 financial statements, business reports, and earnings distribution approved by the audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors are in compliance with relevant laws and regulations. A report is prepared in accordance with Article 219 of the Company Act.

Please verify Sincerely

DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. 2025 shareholders' meeting

Independent director: Tsai Li-ju

Case 4:

Cause of action: Report of investment in China, for your honor's approval.

Explanation: 1.Approved by the 19th meeting of the 14th session of the Board of Directors on January 16, 2014, participating in the investment and establishment of overseas companies and indirect investment in China, the relevant details of this investment case authorized the chairman to be within the limit of RMB\$220 million to take full responsibility. The description of this investment case is as follows:

(1) Investment method:

Vantage Gain Holdings Limited (Poly Group Corporation Ltd.) was acquired by De Licacy (Samoa) Holdings Co., a 100%-owned subsidiary of the Company, holding 73.33% of the shares. Vantage Gain Holdings Limited reinvested in PERFECT STEP INVESTMENTS LIMITED, holding 20% of the shares. PERFECT STEP INVESTMENTS LIMITED indirectly invested in De Licacy (Shanghai) Industrial Co., Ltd. through Shinyong International Co., Ltd., NEW HAO ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. and other legal entities, holding 100% of the shares.

(2) investment amount:

Investment funds remitted to PERFECT STEP INVESTMENTS LIMITED

USD 1,650,000 (NTD 49,597,350) invested on June 20, 2014 USD 1,629,850 (NTD 48,732,515) invested on September 9, 2014 USD 3,572,400 (NTD 113,548,734) invested on December 24, 2014 USD 360,000 (NTD 11,435,400) invested on October 20, 2016 USD 356,575 (NTD 10,777,479) invested on August 7, 2017 USD 350,212 (NTD 10,712,985) invested on September 27, 2018 USD 440,000 (NTD 13,649,240) invested on September 23, 2019 USD 285,800 (NTD 8,609,725) invested on December 30, 2019 USD 217,200 (NTD 6,375,037) invested on September 9, 2020 USD 1,199,660 (NTD 34,082,341) invested on January 27, 2021 USD 547,400 (NTD 15,204,035) invested on September 9, 2021 USD 296,800(NTD 8,843,156) invested on June 17, 2022 USD 2,321,600 (NTD 69,555,136) invested on July 25, 2022

- (3) This case was approved in principle by the No. 10400285270 Letter of Shen Er Zi No. 10400285270 on March 30, 2016 by the Investment Review Committee of the Ministry of Economic Affairs.
- (4) Capital reduction and return of capital:
 - ①On August 8, 2024, PERFECT STEP INVESTMENTS LIMITED received the first capital reduction amount of USD 31,200,000. After repaying the principal and interest of shareholder loans accumulated over the years, bank loan principal and interest, and related expenses, the remaining amount of USD 26,234,908.17 was distributed according to the investment proportion of each

- shareholder. Vantage Gain Holdings Limited received 20% of the capital reduction amount, USD 5,246,981.63, on August 9, 2024. On August 9, 2024, Vantage Gain Holdings Limited received a 20% capital reduction payment of USD 5,246,981.63. On August 12, 2024, a capital reduction of USD 5,210,000 was processed. Based on the investment ratio (73.33%), the capital reduction payment of USD 3,820,493 was returned to De Licacy (Samoa) Holdings Limited.
- ②On September 10, 2024, PERFECT STEP INVESTMENTS LIMITED received the second capital reduction amount of USD 20,200,000. After repaying the principal and interest of shareholder loans accumulated over the years, bank loan principal and interest, and related expenses, the remaining amount of USD 19,852,370.69 was distributed according to the investment proportion of each shareholder. Vantage Gain Holdings Limited received 20% of the capital reduction amount, USD 3,970,474.14, on September 10, 2024.
 - On September 10, 2024, Vantage Gain Holdings Limited received 20% of the capital reduction amount, USD 3,970,474.14, and on the same day, processed a capital reduction of USD 3,672,000. The capital reduction amount was then returned to De Licacy (Samoa) Holdings Co., Ltd. according to the investment proportion (73.33%), amounting to USD 2,692,678.
- (5)In 2024, De Licacy (Shanghai) Textile Co., Ltd. conducted two capital reductions, resulting in a capital of USD 3.85 million. The main remaining assets are the 20% compensation for land expropriation amounting to RMB 142,652,762 and 17.14 ares of land. Given that this investment project has lasted for over ten years and the overall economic and real estate market conditions in mainland China remain poor, the company's 18th Board of Directors passed a resolution on November 6, 2024, to sell all of its 20% equity in PS Company (PERFECT STEP INVESTMENTS) to Wisdom Sun Enterprises Limited (the major shareholder holding 60% of PS Company) for USD 5,125,364.22, thus ending this investment project.
- 2.On March 15, 2021, the Sixth Session of the Seventeenth Board of Directors tentatively agreed that De Licacy (Samoa) Holdings Co., LTD., a subsidiary of the Company's capital increase, would reinvest in BEST ALLIANCE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED, and then invest in Jiangsu Province, China, and set up APEX (NANTONG) TEXTILE CO., LTD. This investment case is a new investment case due to Hangzhou DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. and Zhejiang LUCKY UNIQUE ENT. CO., LTD.'s proposed demolition, relocation or name change. The relevant details of this investment case authorize the chairman to full processing within the USD 60 million quota.

The description of this investment case is as follows:

(1) Approved for Recordation as per August 27, 2021, MOEA Shen-

Er-Zi Letter No. 11000129360 of the Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs.

Investment Method:

The subsidiary by increased capital of 100% shareholding of the Company, De Licacy (Samoa) Holdings Co., LTD., reinvested in BEST ALLIANCEINTERNATIONAL LIMITED, and then reinvested in APEX (NANTONG) TEXTILE CO., LTD.

Investment amount:

USD 5,000,000 (NTD 138,875,000) invested on December 3, 2021

USD 10,000,000 (NTD299,880,000) invested on July 19, 2022

(2) Approved for Recordation as per November 3, 2022, MOEA Shen-Er-Zi Letter No. 11100151020 of the Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs.

Investment Method:

The subsidiary by increased capital of 100% shareholding of the Company, De Licacy (Samoa) Holdings Co., LTD., reinvested in BEST ALLIANCEINTERNATIONAL LIMITED, and then reinvested in APEX (NANTONG) TEXTILE CO., LTD.

Investment amount:

USD10,000,000 (NTD306,900,000) invested on December 12, 2022

(3) Approved for Recordation as per February 13, 2023, MOEA Shen-Er-Zi Letter No. 11200007510 of the Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs.

Investment Method:

The relocation compensation amount of US\$20,000,000 from Hangzhou De Licacy Textile Co., Ltd. was indirectly invested. Apex (Nantong) Textile Co., Ltd.

Investment amount:

USD 5,000,000 (NTD153,175,000) invested on May 16, 2023

USD 5,000,000 (NTD153,925,000) invested on June 08, 2023

USD 5,000,000 (NTD159,625,000) invested on September 26, 2023

Case 5:

- Cause of action: Report of the Company's endorsements and guarantees, for your honor's approval.
- Explanation: 1. As of Mar 31, 2025, the Company's overview of the endorsement guarantee:
 - (1)Objects of endorsement guarantee: DE SHEN(CAYMAN) HOLDINGS CO., LTD., Hong Kong EDEN ROAD INTERNATIONAL LTD., DE-FA INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD., Vietnam DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD ., APEX (NANTONG) TEXTILE CO., LTD and BEST ALLIANCE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED.. are 100%-Owned subsidiaries.
 - (2) The total amount of endorsement guarantee: NTD4,395,479
 - (3) Purpose of endorsement guarantee: to provide endorsement guarantee for subsidiary loans.
 - (4) Based on the net value of the financial statements on December 31, 2024, the total limit of the Company's external endorsement guarantee and the limit of the single company's endorsement guarantee is NT\$8,279,370 thousand and NT\$2,759,790 thousand, respectively. The Company's endorsement guarantees are handled in accordance with the "Endorsement Guarantee Operation Procedures", and there is no case that exceeds the prescribed limit.

		Endorsement
Item	The name of the Company endorsed	guarantee amount
100111	The name of the company chaoises	(New Taiwan Dollar
		in Thousand)
1	De Shen (Cayman) Holding Co., Ltd.	199,230
2	DE-FA INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.	50,000
3	Vietnam DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.	2,053,749
4	Hong Kong EDEN ROAD INTERNATIONAL LTD.	66,410
5	APEX (NANTIONG) TEXTILE CO.,LTD	1,857,065
6	BEST ALLIANCE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	166,025
	Total	4,392,479

2.子公司截至民國 114年 03月 31日止,背書保證概況:

- (1) LUCKY UNIQUE ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.
 - ①Objects of endorsement guarantee: DE KAO TRADING CO., LTD is a subsidiary holding 60% of the shares. WELL & DAVID CORP. is a subsidiary holding 55.60% of the shares. Li Qiang Corp. Also, Luck Unique Enterpise (Vietnam) Co.,Ltd is a subsidiary holding 100% of the shares.

- ②The total amount of endorsement guarantee: NTD477,628 thousand. •
- ③Purpose of endorsement guarantee: to provide endorsement guarantee for subsidiary loans.
- (4) Based on the net value of the financial statements on December 31, 2024, the total limit of the Company's external endorsement guarantee and the limit of the single company's endorsement guarantee is NT\$636,031thousand and NT\$318,015 thousand, respectively. The Company's endorsement guarantees are handled in accordance with the "Endorsement Guarantee Operation Procedures", and there is no case that exceeds the prescribed limit.

Item	The name of the Company endorsed	Endorsement guarantee amount (New Taiwan Dollar in Thousand)
1	DE KAO TRADING CO., LTD	10,000
2	WELL & DAVID CORP.	285,000
3	Li Qiang Corp	49,808
4	Luck Unique Enterpise (Vietnam) Co.,Ltd	132,820
	Total	477,628

(2) WELL & DAVID CORP.

- ①Objects of endorsement guarantee: Li Qiang Corp. is a subsidiary holding 100% of the shares.
- ②The total amount of endorsement guarantee: NTD350,280 thousand.
- ③ Purpose of endorsement guarantee: to provide endorsement guarantee for subsidiary loans.
- (4) Based on the net value of the financial statements on December 31, 2024, the total limit of the Company's external endorsement guarantee and the limit of the single company's endorsement guarantee is NT\$515,534thousand and NT\$515,534 thousand, respectively. The Company's endorsement guarantees are handled in accordance with the "Endorsement Guarantee Operation Procedures", and there is no case that exceeds the prescribed limit.

Item	The name of the Company endorsed	Endorsement guarantee amount (New Taiwan Dollar in Thousand)
1	Li Qiang Corp	350,280
	Total	350,280

(3) TUNG MING TEXTILE CO., LTD.

- ①Objects of endorsement guarantee: LUCKY UNIQUE ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. the ultimate parent company.
- ②The total amount of endorsement guarantee: NTD50,000 thousand.
- ③Purpose of endorsement guarantee: Provide endorsement and guarantee for the parent company's loan.
- 4 Based on the net value of the financial statements on December 31, 2024, the total limit of the Company's external endorsement guarantee and the limit of the single company's endorsement guarantee is NT\$243,193thousand and NT\$121,596 thousand, respectively. The Company's endorsement guarantees are handled in accordance with the "Endorsement Guarantee Operation Procedures", and there is no case that exceeds the prescribed limit.

Item	The name of the Company endorsed	Endorsement guarantee amount (New Taiwan Dollar in Thousand)
1	LUCKY UNIQUE ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	50,000
	Total	50,000

3.The Company is the operating headquarters of the group. In recent years, with the rise of sports trends, the momentum for related customers to place orders has increased. With the development of business and the continuous expansion of revenue scale, the capital required for operations has increased relatively. The Company's share capital is only NTD\$ 4.07 billion. With limited self-owned funds, it is necessary to borrow from the bank to meet the funding needs of daily operations and purchase of materials. However, if all subsidiaries of the group need to raise funds from financial institutions for working capital, the Company shall be responsible for joint guarantees, so that they can apply for short-term financing lines from banks. In anticipation that the funds required for future operations will continue to rise, the Company will continue to provide Bank financing and borrowing methods to meet the required funds.

Acknowledgement

Case 1:

Submitted by Board of Directors

Cause of action: According to the Company's 2024 business report and individual financial statements and consolidated financial statements, please acknowledge it.

Explanation:1.The Company's 2024 financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and completed after the accountant's review. Together with the business report and statements of deficit compensated, they were sent to the audit committee for review and a review report was submitted.

2.For the 2024business report, please refer to pages 2 to 5 of this meeting handbook, and for the accountant's audit report and financial statements, please refer to pages 17 to 38 of this meeting handbook.

Resolution:

Independent Auditor's Report

Dear the Board of Directors and Shareholders of De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd. (the "Company"), which comprise the parent company balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the parent company of comprehensive income, parent company of changes in equity and parent company of cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the parent company only financial statements Individual statements , including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audits entrusted by the Company in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the ROC, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The descriptions of the key audit matter of the 2024 parent company only financial statements of the Company are as follows:

Authenticity of revenue recognition

Whether the Company's operating revenue from specific customers occur that has a significant impact on the financial statement of the year ended December 31, 2024. It is considering that the revenue recognition inherently carries a higher risk of fraud and the management may be under pressure to achieve expected financial

goals. The authenticity of revenue recognition from specific customers is listed as a key audit item. Please refer to the Parent company only financial statements Note 4(11) for the explanation of revenue recognition policy.

The accountants had performed major auditing procedures to the sales revenue from specific customers, which are as follows:

- 1. Understand and test the effectiveness of the design and implementation of the internal sales cycle control system.
- 2. Select samples from the sales details of the above-mentioned specific customers, verify their purchase orders, pro forma invoices, export declarations and other relevant documents to confirm whether the control rights of the goods had been truly transferred and the obligations had been performed, and check whether the sales objects and the payers were consistent to confirm the authenticity of the sales revenue.

Management's and Governance's Responsibility for the Individual Financial Statments

Management's responsibility is to prepare parent company only financial statements in conformity with the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and Interpretations and Interpretations issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and to maintain such internal control relevant to the preparation of parent company only financial statements as is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management's responsibility also includes assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, the disclosure of related matters, and the adoption of the going concern basis of accounting, unless management intends to liquidate the Company or cease operations, or there is no practical alternative to liquidation or discontinuation of operations.

The governance unit (Audit Committee) of the Company has the responsibility for overseeing the financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit performed in accordance with auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We are also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. We have obtained sufficient and appropriate auditing evidence of the financial information of the constituted entities of the Company to express our opinions on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the guidance, supervision and execution of the Company's audits and we are responsible for providing auditing opinions with the Company.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the 2024 financial statements and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, Inc.

CPA: Liao, Hong-Ru CPA: Wang, Teng-Wei

Financial Supervisory Commission Authorized No. :Jin-Guan-Certificate No. 0990031652 Financial Supervisory Commission Authorized No. :Jin-Guan-Certificate No. 1100356048

Date: March 14, 2025

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the ROC and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the ROC

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the ROC. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd.

Parent Company Only Balance Sheets

The Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

C. I.	A	December 31,	2024 %	December 31, 2023 Amount %		
Code	Assets Current assets	Amount		Amount		
1100	Cash (Note 4 and 6)	\$ 180,403	2	\$ 321,115	3	
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current (Note 4 and 7)	13,974	-	13,826	-	
1121	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current (Note 4 and 8)	_	_	302	<u>-</u>	
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost-current (Note 4, 9 and 32)	38,144	-	801,074	7	
1150	Notes receivable (Note 4, 10 and 24)	12,258	-	15,199	-	
1160	Notes receivable-related parties (Note 4, 10, 24 and 31)	4,370	-	29,985	-	
1170	Net accounts receivable (Note 4, 10 and 24)	465,819	4	330,652	3	
1180	Accounts receivable-related parties (Note 4, 10, 24 and 31)	349,604	3	123,791	1	
1200	Other receivables (Note 4)	5,647	-	1,518	-	
1210 1220	Other receivables-related parties (Note 4 and 31) Current income tax assets (Note 4 and 26)	190,622	2	7,499 3,112	-	
130X	Inventory (Note 4 and 11)	1,229,931	10	1,431,596	12	
1410	Prepayments (Note 15)	52,383	-	44,016	-	
1470	Other current assets (Note 16)	36,305	_	24,244	_	
11XX	Total current assets	2,579,460	21	3,147,929	26	
1535	Non-current assets Financial assets at amortized cost-non-current (Note 4, 9 and 32)	217,127	2	14,079		
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (Note 4 and 12)	8,409,066	69	7,738,757	65	
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Note 4, 13, 31 and 32)	699,102	6	765,912	7	
1755	Right-of-use assets (Note 4, 14, and 31)	9,064	-	12,627	-	
1840	Deferred tax assets (Note 4 and 26)	146,121	1	155,325	2	
1920	Refundable deposits (Note 4)	10,425	-	10,186	-	
1915	Prepayment for equipment	17,201	-	2,304	-	
1975	Net confirmed welfare assets (Note 4 and 22)	48,439	1	32,706		
15XX	Total non-current assets	9,556,545	<u>79</u>	8,731,896	74	
1XXX	Total assets	<u>\$ 12,136,005</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 11,879,825</u>	<u>100</u>	
C o d e	Liabilities and Equity					
2100	Current liabilities	h 1011100		4 2.1 3.2 3	10	
2100	Short-term loans (Note 17 and 32)	\$ 1,861,600	15	\$ 2,158,228	18	
2110 2120	Short-term notes payable (Note 17 and 32) Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss-current	959,501	8	559,423	5	
2120	(Note 4 and 7)	_	_	8,919	_	
2150	Notes payable (Note 18)	69,435	1	106,709	1	
2160	Notes payable-related parties (Note 31)	58,909	-	53,591	1	
2170	Accounts payable (Note 18)	85,070	1	55,580	1	
2180	Accounts payable-related parties (Note 31)	150,340	1	97,853	1	
2200	Other payables (Note 19)	308,727	3	166,856	1	
2220	Other payables-related parties (Note 31)	642,729	5	685,010	6	
2230	Current tax liabilities (Note 4 and 26)	69,244	1	-	-	
2280	Lease liabilities-current (Note 4, 14, and 31)	4,424	-	10,340	-	
2313	Deferred income-current (Note 4 and 20)	2,883	-	6,312	-	
2322 2365	Long-term loans due within one year (Note 17 and 32) Refund liabilities-current (Note 21)	585,862 3,589	5	622,838 4,678	5	
2399	Other current liabilities	45,761	-	42,468	-	
21XX	Total current liabilities	4,848,074	40	4,578,805	39	
	Non-current liabilities					
2541	Long-term bank loans (Note 17 and 32)	1,663,237	14	2,246,420	19	
2570	Deferred tax liabilities (Note 4 and 26)	85,797	1	26,715	-	
2580	Lease liabilities-non-current (Note 4, 14, and 31)	4,715	-	2,438	-	
2630	Deferred income-non-current (Note 4 and 20)	8,905	-	10,228	-	
2645	Deposits received	5,697		10,208		
25XX	Total non-current liabilities	1,768,351	<u>15</u>	2,296,009	<u>19</u>	
2XXX	Total liabilities	6,616,425	55	6,874,814	58	
	Equity (Note 23)				_	
3110	Common stocks	4,076,396	<u>33</u> 5	4,076,396	34	
3200	Capital surplus	<u>581,654</u>	5	581,654	5	
2210	Retained earnings	102.602	2	177.050		
3310	Legal reserve	183,693	2	176,258	1	
3320 3350	Special reserve Unappropriated retained earnings	412,522 508,106	3	327,892 255,333	3	
3300	Total retained earnings	1,104,321	<u>4</u> 9	<u>255,333</u> 759,483	<u></u>	
3400	Other equity	$(\frac{1,104,321}{242,791})$	$(\frac{}{2})$	(412,522)	$\left(\frac{}{3}\right)$	
3XXX	Total equity	5,519,580	45	5,005,011	42	
	Total labilities and equity	\$ 12,136,005	<u>100</u>	\$ 11,879,82 <u>5</u>	<u>100</u>	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

Chairman: Yeh, Chia-Ming

Manager: Yu, Yi-Nung

Accounting Manager: Huang, Hsiu-Feng

De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd.

Parent Company Only Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(Except Earnings Per Share)

		2024			2023		
Code			Amount	%	-	Amount	%
	Operating revenue (Note 4, 24 and 31)						
4100	Net sales revenue	\$	3,903,412	99	\$	3,596,763	99
4800	Other operating revenue		50,494	1		33,445	1
4000	Total operating revenue		3,953,906	100		3,630,208	100
	Operating costs (Note 11, 22, 25 and 31)						
5110	Cost of goods sold		3,524,262	89		3,287,434	<u>91</u>
5900	Gross profit		429,644	11		342,774	9
5910	Unrealized losses of subsidiaries						
	and associates (Note 4)		6,376	-		6,361	-
5920	Realized losses of subsidiaries and	,	(2(1)		,	(261)	
	associates (Note 4)	(6,361)		(6,361)	
5950	Gross realized operating revenue		429,659	<u>11</u>		342,774	9
	Operating expenses (Note 10, 22, 25 and 31)						
6100	Marketing expenses		187,887	5		171,091	5
6200	General and administrative expenses		213,396	5		110,798	3
6300	Research and development						
C 1 5 0	expenses		104,887	3		102,387	3
6450	Expected credit loss		6,979			22,709	
6000	Total operating expenses	-	513,149	13		406,985	<u>11</u>
6500	Net other income and expenses (Note 25 and 31)	(14,256)		(5,365)	
6900	Net operating loss	(97,746)	(2)	(69,576)	(2)
7100	Non-operating revenue and expenses (Note 4, 7, 25 and 31)		22.502	1		02.005	2
7100	Interest income Other income		22,503	1		82,005	2 3
7010 7020			46,952 43,916	1 1		114,905 21,129	3 1
7020	Other gains and losses Finance costs	(109,097)		(
7030 7070	Share of profit or loss of	(109,097)	(3)	(132,020)	(4)
7070	subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity						
	method		642,104	<u>16</u>		92,745	3
7000	Total non-operating revenue and expenses		646,378	<u>16</u>		178,764	5
	revenue una expenses		0.10,570			170,701	
7900	Net profit before tax		548,632	14		109,188	3

(Continued)

(continued from the previous page)

			2024		2023		
Code		1	Amount	%	Α	mount	%
7950	Income tax expenses (Note 4 and 26)	\$	126,629	3	\$	56,560	1
8200	Net profit for the year		422,003	<u>11</u>		52,628	2
8310	Other comprehensive income, net Items not reclassified to profit or loss:						
8311	Determine the remeasurement of the benefit plan (Note 22)		15,572	1		755	-
8316	Unrealized appraisal gains and losses of equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note						
8331	23) Remeasurements of defined benefit plans of associates		1	-		4,809	-
0227	accounted for using equity method		593	-		309	-
8336	Unrealized gains or losses of subsidiaries and associates measured at fair value through other comprehensive income						
8349	accounted for using equity method (Note 23) Income tax related to items		12,842	-		35,816	1
	not reclassified (Note 26)	(3,114) 25,894	<u> </u>	(151) 41,538	<u></u>
8361	Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss in the future: Exchange differences on conversion of financial statements of foreign						
8380	operations (Note 23) Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and		198,130	5	(142,325)	(4)
8399	associates accounted for using equity method (Note 23) Income tax related to items that may be reclassified (Note		10,078	-		9,416	-
8360	23 and 26)	(39,626) 168,582	(<u>1</u>)	(28,465 104,444)	$(\frac{}{3})$
8300	Total other comprehensive income for the year (net after tax)		194 <u>,</u> 476	5	(62,90 <u>6</u>)	(<u>2</u>)
8500	Total comprehensive income for the year	\$	616,479	<u>16</u>	(<u>\$</u>	10,278)	_
9710 9810	Earnings per share (Note 27) Basic Diluted	<u>\$</u> \$	1.04 1.03		<u>\$</u> \$	0.13 0.13	
			-		-		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

Chairman: Yeh, Chia-Ming Manager: Wei-Li Yeh Accounting Manager: Huang, Hsiu-Feng

De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd. Parent Company Only Statements of Changes in Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)
(Except Dividends Per Share)

				Retained earnings			Other equity			
Code A1	Balance at 1 January 2023	Common stocks \$ 3,845,657	Capital surplus \$ 581,654	Legal reserve \$ 138,909	Special reserve \$ 557,298	Unappropriated retained earnings \$ 373,488	Exchange differences on conversion of financial statements of foreign operations (\$ 294,661)	Unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (\$ 33,231)	Total(\$ 327,892)	Grand total \$ 5,169,114
В1	Appropriations of 2022 earnings (Note 23) Legal reserve			37,349		(37,349_)				
B3	Special reserve			<u> </u>	(229,406)	229,406				 -
B9	Stock dividends to shareholders of the Company –				(/				 -	
	\$0.6 per share	230,739	_	_	<u> </u>	(230,739)	<u> </u>	_	_	_
B5	Cash dividends to shareholders of the Company – \$0.4 per share	_	_			(153,826)	<u>-</u> _		_	(153,826)
C7	Changes in equity of investment in associates for using equity method					1				1
	equity illetilod					1		-	_	1
D1	Net income for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	52,628	-	-	-	52,628
D3	Other comprehensive profit (loss) after tax for the year ended December 31, 2023	_	<u>-</u>	-	-	913	(104,444)	40,625	(63,819)	(62,906_)
D5	Total comprehensive profit (loss) after tax for the year ended December 31, 2023	_	_	_	_	53,541	(104,444)	40,625	(63,819)	(10,278_)
Q1	Disposal of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 23)	_	_	_	_	20,811	_	(20,811_)	(20,811_)	_
Z1	Balance at December 31, 2023	4,076,396	581,654	176,258	327,892	255,333	(399,105)	(13,417)	(412,522)	5,005,011
B1 B3 B5	Appropriations of 2023 earnings (Note 23) Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends to shareholders of the Company –		- -		84,630	(7,435) (84,630)	<u>-</u>	<u>=</u>	_	<u>-</u>
ВЭ	\$0.25 per share	_	-	_	_	(101,910)	-	-	_	(101,910)
D1	Net income for the year ended December 31, 2024					422,003				422,003
Di	The medical for the year ended December 31, 2021					122,003				122,003
D3	Other comprehensive profit (loss) after tax for the year ended December 31, 2024	-	_	-	-	13,051	168,582	12,843	181,425	194,47 <u>6</u>
D5	Total comprehensive profit (loss) after tax for the year ended December 31, 2024	_		-	-	435,054	168,582	12,843	181,425	616,479
Q1	Disposal of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 23)	-		-	-	11,694	-	(11,694)	(11,694)	-
Z 1	Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 4,076,396	<u>\$ 581,654</u>	<u>\$ 183,693</u>	<u>\$ 412,522</u>	\$ 508,106	(\$ 230,523)	(\$ 12,268)	(<u>\$ 242,791</u>)	\$ 5,519,580

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

Chairman: Yeh, Chia-Ming

Manager: Yu, Yi-Nung

Accounting Manager: Huang, Hsiu-Feng

De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd.

Parent Company Only Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code	_		2024		2023
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
A10000	Income before tax Adjustments for:	\$	548,632	\$	109,188
A20010	Revenues/Expenses				
A20100	Depreciation		99,827		156,491
A20300	Expected credit loss		6,979		22,709
A20400	Net loss (gain) on financial assets and				
	liabilities at fair value through profit				
	or loss	(9,039)		14,415
A20900	Finance costs		109,097		132,020
A21200	Interest income	(22,503)	(82,005)
A21300	Dividend income		-	(60)
A22300	Share of profit or loss of subsidiaries and				
	associates accounted for using equity				
	method	(642,104)	(92,745)
A22500	Loss (gain) on disposal of property,				
	plant and equipment		14,256		5,365
A23700	Inventory valuation and obsolescence				
	losses		60,138		-
A23900	Unrealized losses of subsidiaries and				
	associates	(6,376)	(6,361)
A24000	Realized losses of subsidiaries and				
	associates		6,361		6,361
A24100	Unrealized foreign exchange losses		18,904		85,922
A24500	Gains from lease amendment		=	(4,187)
A29900	Provision (reversal) of allowance for				
	refund liability	(1,089)		338
A30000	Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
A31130	Notes receivable		2,941		7,703
A31140	Notes receivable-related parties		25,615		17,197
A31150	Accounts receivable	(142,146)		109,772
A31160	Accounts receivable-related parties	(225,813)	(71,053)
A31180	Other receivables	(21)		2,233
A31190	Other receivables-related parties		515		12,911
A31200	Inventory	(141,527	(313,685
A31230	Prepayments Other exercises	(8,367)	(14,264)
A31240 A32130	Other current assets	(12,061)	(21,096
	Notes payable related parties	(36,786)	(24,127)
A32140 A32150	Notes payable-related parties Accounts payable		5,318 29,490	(24,011) 42,256)
A32150 A32160	Accounts payable-related parties		52,487	(206,391)
A32180	Other payables		129,431	(68,886)
A32190	Other payables-related parties	(14)	(10,086)
A32170 A32210	Deferred income-current and non-	(14)	(10,000)
1132210	current	(4,752)		10,707
A32230	Other current liabilities	(3,293	(17,534)
A32240	Net defined benefit assets-non-current	(161)	(3,763)
A33000	Cash generated from operations	\	143,579	\	360,384
A33100	Interest received		20,692		82,005
A33200	Dividends received		110,863		46,075
A33300	Interest paid	(106,591)	(132,710)
A33500	Income tax paid	ì	28,727)	ì	11,650)
AAAA	Net cash generated from operating activities	\	139,816	\	344,104
	6		,		

(Continued)

C o d e		2024	2023
	Cash flow from investing activities		
B00040	Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost	(\$ 587,133)	(\$ 4,865,378)
B00060	Financial assets at amortized cost repayment of		
	principal upon maturity	1,150,438	6,643,003
B00100	Acquisition of financial assets at fair value	(10.515)	(44.054)
D00000	through profit or loss	(19,647)	(11,071)
B00200	Disposal of financial assets at fair value through	10.610	26110
D00000	profit or loss	19,619	26,119
B00020	Sales of financial assets at fair value through	1.002	25 (96
D02400	other comprehensive income	1,082	25,686
B02400	Refund of paid-up capital from capital reduction		92 500
B02700	of subsidiaries	(60,117)	82,590
B02800	Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	(60,117)	(31,598)
D02800	equipment	31,345	10,434
B03700	Increase in refundable deposits	(740)	
B03800	Decrease in refundable deposits	(740)	(57) 1,733
B04300	Increase in other receivables-related parties		
B04400	Decrease in other receivables-related parties	(200,000) 100,000	(80,000) 80,000
B07100	Increase in prepayment for equipment	(17,101)	(2,205)
BBBB	Net cash generated from investing	((
ББББ	activities	418,247	1,879,256
	activities	110,217	
	Cash flows from financing		
C00100	Increase in short-term loans	12,129,300	14,071,331
C00200	Decrease in short-term loans	(12,425,928)	(14,810,425)
C00500	Increase in short-term notes payable	14,826,406	16,476,442
C00600	Decrease in short-term notes payable	(14,426,328)	(16,626,640)
C01600	Payments of finance lease liabilities	-	3,375,000
C01700	Repayment of long-term debt	(623,036)	(4,801,552)
C03000	Increase in deposits received	17,538	22,638
C03100	Decrease in deposits received	(22,049)	(19,631)
C03700	Increase in other payables-related parties	1,459,002	800,135
C03800	Decrease in other payables-related parties	(1,520,693)	(354,435)
C04020	Repayment of the principal portion of lease		
	liabilities	(11,077)	(47,318)
C04500	Cash dividends	(101,910)	(153,826)
CCCC	Net cash generated from (used in)		
	financing activities	(698,775)	(2,068,281)
EEEE	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(140,712)	155,079
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	/	,
E00100	CASH AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	321,115	166,036
E00200	CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 180,403</u>	<u>\$ 321,115</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

Chairman: Yeh, Chia-Ming Manager: Wei-Li Yeh Accounting Manager: Huang, Hsiu-Feng

Independent Auditors' Report

Dear the Board of Directors and Shareholders of De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd and its subsidiaries (the "De Licacy Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the De Licacy Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), International Accounting Standards ("IAS"), Interpretations of IFRS ("IFRIC"), and Interpretations of IAS ("SIC") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC") of Taiwan, the Republic of China ("ROC").

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audits entrusted by the Group in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the De Licacy Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the ROC, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The descriptions of the key audit matter of the 2024 consolidated financial statements of the De Licacy Group are as follows:

Authenticity of revenue recognition

Whether the De Licacy Group's operating revenue from specific customers occur that has a significant impact on the financial statement of the year ended December 31, 2024. It is considering that the revenue recognition inherently carries a higher risk of fraud and the management may be under pressure to achieve expected financial goals. The authenticity of revenue recognition from specific customers is listed as a key audit item. Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Report Note 4(14) for the explanation of revenue recognition policy.

The accountants had performed major auditing procedures to the sales revenue from specific customers, which are as follows:

- 1. Understand and test the effectiveness of the design and implementation of the internal sales cycle control system.
- 2. Select samples from the sales details of the above-mentioned specific customers, verify their purchase orders, pro forma invoices, export declarations and other relevant documents to confirm whether the control rights of the goods had been truly transferred and the obligations had been performed, and check whether the sales objects and the payers were consistent to confirm the authenticity of the sales revenue.

Other Matters

De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd. has prepared its individual financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, and we have issued unqualified audit reports.

Management's and Governance's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management's responsibility is to prepare consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and Interpretations and Interpretations issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and to maintain such internal control relevant to the preparation of consolidated financial statements as is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management's responsibility also includes assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, the disclosure of related matters, and the adoption of the going concern basis of accounting, unless management intends to liquidate the Group or cease operations, or there is no practical alternative to liquidation or discontinuation of operations.

The governance unit (Audit Committee) of the Group has the responsibility for overseeing the financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement,

whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit performed in accordance with auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We are also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. We have obtained sufficient and appropriate auditing evidence of the financial information of the constituent entities of the Group to express our opinions on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the guidance, supervision and execution of the Group's audits and we are responsible for providing auditing opinions with the Group.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the 2024 financial statements and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, Inc.

CPA: Liao, Hong-Ru CPA: Wang, Teng-Wei

Financial Supervisory Commission Authorized No. :Jin-Guan-Certificate No. 0990031652 Financial Supervisory Commission Authorized No. :Jin-Guan-Certificate No. 1100356048

Date: March 14, 2025

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the ROC and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the ROC

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the ROC. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

The Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		December 31, 2024		December 31, 20	23
Code	Assets	Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current assets				
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4 and 6)	\$ 1,488,436	9	\$ 989,952	7
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current (Note 4 and 7)	18,360	-	17,538	-
1120	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current (Note 4, 8 and 34)	208,997	1	188,663	1
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost-current (Note 4, 9 and 34)	342,211	2	1,044,198	7
1150	Notes receivable (Note 4, 10 and 26)	17,743	-	54,882	-
1160	Notes receivable-related parties (Note 4, 10, 26 and 33)	9,106	-	34,832	-
1170	Net accounts receivable (Note 4, 10 and 26)	1,716,504	11	1,324,667	9
1180	Accounts receivable-net number of related parties (Note 4, 10, 26 and 33)	254,634	1	35,731	-
1200	Other receivables (Note 4 and 10)	138,012	1	59,852	-
1210	Other receivables-related parties (Note 4, 10, and 33)	107,217	1	37,248	-
1220	Current income tax assets (Note 4 and 28)	7,189	-	3,342	-
130X 1410	Inventory (Note 4 and 11)	3,696,981 279,571	23 2	3,250,473 186,649	22
1479	Prepayments (Note 17 and 33) Other current assets (Note 18)	973,355	<u>6</u>	673,340	5
11XX	Total current assets	9,258,316	<u></u> 57	7,901,367	52
111111	Total current assets			7,501,507	
	Non-current assets				
1535	Financial assets at amortized cost-non-current (Note 4, 9 and 34)	217,127	1	14,079	-
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (Note 4 and 13)	568,236	4	925,271	6
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Note 4, 14, 33 and 34)	5,457,945	34	5,558,799	37
1755	Right-of-use assets (Note 4, 15, 34, and 35)	370,137	2	378,861	3
1760	Investment properties (Note 4, 16 and 34)	64,033	1	55,445	1
1805	Goodwill (Note 4)	12,996	-	12,996	-
1821	Other intangible assets (Note 4)	3,227	-	13,737	-
1840	Deferred tax assets (Note 4 and 28)	172,436	1	178,937	1
1920 1975	Refundable deposits (Note 4) Net defined benefit assets-non-current (Note 4 and 24)	18,855 46,923	-	27,776 24,964	-
1990	Other non-current assets (Note 18 and 33)	36,750	_	5,660	_
15XX	Total non-current assets	6,968,665	43	7,196,525	48
				.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
1XXX	Total assets	\$ 16,226,981	100	\$ 15,097,892	100
Code	Liabilities and Equity				
	Current liabilities				
2100	Short-term loans (Note 19 and 34)	\$ 3,048,099	19	\$ 2,815,784	19
2110	Short-term notes payable (Note 19 and 34)	969,482	6	589,406	4
2120	Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss-current (Note 4			8.010	
2150	and 7) Notes payable (Note 20)	70.442	-	8,919 108,849	1
2160	Notes payable (Note 20) Notes payable-related parties (Note 33)	70,442 68,675	-	59,834	1
2170	Accounts payable (Note 20)	597,627	4	318,286	2
2180	Accounts payable-related parties (Note 33)	261,894	2	131,972	1
2219	Other payables (Note 21)	818,366	5	492,823	3
2220	Other payables-related parties (Note 33)	10,665	-	75,099	1
2230	Current tax liabilities (Note 4 and 28)	115,708	1	38,543	-
2280	Lease liabilities-current (Note 4, 15, and 33)	7,079	-	15,427	-
2322	Long-term loans due within one year (Note 19 and 34)	845,939	5	622,838	4
2365	Refund liabilities-current (Note 23)	3,589	-	6,575	-
2399	Other current liabilities (Note 22, 26, and 33)	162,029	1	131,882	1 26
21XX	Total current liabilities	6,979,594	<u>43</u>	5,416,237	<u>36</u>
	Non-current liabilities				
2541	Long-term bank loans (Note 19 and 34)	2,411,079	15	3,713,802	25
2580	Lease liabilities-non-current (Note 4, 15, and 33)	5,669	-	5,920	-
2570	Deferred tax liabilities (Note 4 and 28)	95,180	-	35,721	-
2630	Long-term deferred income (Note 4 and 22)	762,678	5	356,023	2
2645	Deposits received	5,966		10,436	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities	3,280,572	20	4,121,902	<u>27</u>
	T . 1 . 1	10.250.155		0.700.400	
2XXX	Total liabilities	10,260,166	<u>63</u>	9,538,139	<u>63</u>
	Equity attributed to the owners of the company (Note 25)				
3100	Stocks				
3110	Common stocks	4,076,396	25	4,076,396	27
3200	Capital surplus	581,654	4	581,654	$\frac{27}{4}$
	Retained earnings				
3310	Legal reserve	183,693	1	176,258	1
3320	Special reserve	412,522	3	327,892	2
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings	508,106	3	255,333	2
3300	Total retained earnings	1,104,321		759,483	5
3400	Other equity	(<u>242,791</u>)	((412,522)	$(\underline{3})$
31XX	Total equity of company owners	5,519,580	34	5,005,011	33
36XX	Non-controlling interests (Note 25)	447 225	2	551710	4
$JU\Lambda\Lambda$	Non-controlling interests (Note 25)	447,235	3	554,742	4
3XXX	Total equity	5,966,815	<u>37</u>	5,559,753	<u>37</u>
	~			3,557,155	
	Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 16,226,981</u>	<u> 100</u>	<u>\$ 15,097,892</u>	<u> 100</u>
					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chairman: Yeh, Chia-Ming

Manager: Yu, Yi-Nung

Accounting Manager: Huang, Hsiu-Feng

De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)
(Except Earnings Per Share)

		2024		2023	
Code		Amount	%	Amount	%
	Operating revenue (Note 4, 26 and				
4100	33)	ф 11 05 c 707	00	Φ 0.742.150	00
4100 4800	Net sales revenue Other operating revenue	\$ 11,856,797 137,225	99 1	\$ 9,742,159 <u>87,875</u>	99 1
4000	Total operating revenue	11,994,022	$\frac{1}{100}$	9,830,034	$\frac{1}{100}$
		,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	Operating costs (Note 11, 24, 27				
5110	and 33) Cost of goods sold	0.727.951	0.1	9 290 625	0.4
5110	Cost of goods sold	9,727,851	<u>81</u>	<u>8,280,635</u>	84
5900	Gross profit	2,266,171	<u>19</u>	1,549,399	<u>16</u>
	Operating expenses (Note 10, 24,				
C100	27 and 33)	701.460		540,500	
6100 6200	Marketing expenses General and administrative	791,469	6	549,580	6
0200	expenses	934,813	8	840,689	9
6300	Research and development	, , , ,			
	expenses	220,441	2	201,169	2
6450	Expected credit loss	11,746		41,723	17
6000	Total operating expenses	1,958,469	<u>16</u>	1,633,161	<u>17</u>
6500	Net other gains and expenses (Note				
	27 and 33)	284,438	2	(30,669)	
6900	Net operating revenue (net loss)	592,140	5	(114,431_)	(1)
0700	rect operating revenue (net ioss)	372,140		((
	Non-operating revenue and				
	expenses (Note 4, 7, 13, 22, 27 and				
7100	33) Interest income	32,500	_	122,425	1
7190	Other income	115,326	1	488,450	5
7020	Other benefits and losses	200,783	2	(39,091)	(1)
7050	Finance costs	(213,776)	(2)	(235,257)	(2)
7060	Share of losses of associates		,		
	using the equity method	(40,763)		(31,605)	
7000	Total non-operating revenue and expenses	04.070	1	304,922	2
	revenue and expenses	94,070	1	304,922	3
7900	Net profit before tax	686,210	6	190,491	2
7950	Income tax expenses (Note 4 and				
	28)	170,560	2	74,581	1
	Net profit for the year	515,650	4	115,910	1
8200					

(Continued)

(1	2024		2023		
Code		Amount	%	Amount	%	
	Other comprehensive income					
8310	Items not reclassified to profit					
8311	or loss Determine the					
8311	remeasurement of the					
	benefit plan (Note 24)	\$ 15,572	_	\$ 955	_	
8316	Unrealized appraisal gains	Ψ 13,372		Ψ 755		
	and losses of equity					
	instrument investments					
	measured at fair value					
	through other					
0220	comprehensive income	19,526	-	67,982	1	
8320	Share of other					
	comprehensive income of associates using the					
	equity method	2,685	_	1,142	_	
8349	Income tax related to	2,003		1,112		
	items not reclassified					
	(Note 28)	(3,114)		(151)		
		34,669		69,928	1	
	Items that may be reclassified					
8361	to profit or loss in the future					
8301	Exchange differences on conversion of financial					
	statements of foreign					
	operations	208,773	2	(136,604)	(1)	
8370	Share of other	,		, ,	,	
	comprehensive income of					
	associates using the equity					
	method (Note 25)	17,273	-	(2,364)	-	
8399	Income tax related to items					
	that may be reclassified (Note 25 and 28)	(39,626)		<u> 28,465</u>		
8360	(Note 23 and 28)	186,420	2	$(\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	$\left(\begin{array}{c} -\frac{1}{1} \right)$	
8300	Other comprehensive	100,120	<u>~</u>	((
	income for the year (net					
	after tax)	221,089	2	(40,575)		
8500	Total comprehensive income for	Φ 726720		Φ 75.225		
	the year	<u>\$ 736,739</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>\$ 75,335</u>		
8600	The net profit is attributed to:					
8610	Owners of the company	\$ 422,003	3	\$ 52,628	_	
8620	Non-controlling interests	93,647	1	63,282	1	
	-	\$ 515,650	4	\$ 115,910	1	
8700	The total comprehensive income is					
0710	attributed to:	¢ (1.6.470	_	(¢ 10.070 \		
8710 8720	Owners of the company Non-controlling interests	\$ 616,479 120,260	5 1	(\$ 10,278) 85,613	- 1	
0720	Tion controlling interests	\$ 736,739	<u> 6</u>	\$ 75,335	<u></u> 1	
		<u>+ 150,157</u>		<u> </u>		
	Earnings per share (Note 29)					
9710	Basic	<u>\$ 1.04</u>		\$ 0.13		
9810	Diluted	<u>\$ 1.03</u>		<u>\$ 0.13</u>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chairman: Yeh, Chia-Ming Manager: Yu, Yi-Nung Accounting Manager: Huang, Hsiu-Feng

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Except Dividends per Share)

					Eit44-il-		241				(Except)	Dividends per Share)
					Retained earnings	uted to the owners of	tne company	Other equity				
Codo		Common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Exchange differences on conversion of financial statements of foreign operations	Unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Grand total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Code A1	Balance at 1 January 2023	\$ 3,845,657	\$ 581,654	\$ 138,909	\$ 557,298	\$ 373,488	(<u>\$ 294,661</u>)	(<u>\$ 33,231</u>)	(<u>\$ 327,892</u>)	\$ 5,169,114	\$ 547,803	\$ 5,716,917
B1 B3 B9	Appropriations of 2022 earnings (Note 25) Legal reserve Special reserve Stock dividends to shareholders of the Company – \$0.6 per share Cash dividends to shareholders of the Company –	230,739	<u>-</u>	37,349	(229,406)	(-	<u>-</u>	-		<u>-</u>	
	\$0.4 per share		-	_	-	(153,826)	-	-		(153,826_)	-	(153,826)
C7	Changes in equity of investment in associates for using equity method		-			1	-			1		1
D1	Net income for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	52,628	-	-	-	52,628	63,282	115,910
D3	Other comprehensive profit (loss) after tax for the year ended December 31, 2023	_	_	_	_	913	(104,444)	40,625	(63,819)	(62,906)	22,331	(40,575)
D5	Total comprehensive profit (loss) after tax for the year ended December 31, 2023	-		-		53,541	(104,444)	40,625	(63,819)	(10,278)	<u>85,613</u>	<u>75,335</u>
O1	Cash dividends from the subsidiaries (Note 25)						<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(11,346)	(11,346)
O1	Increase in non-controlling interests (Note 25)		<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		(67,328)	(67,328)
Q1	Disposal of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 25)	<u>-</u>	<u>=</u>	_		20,811		(20,811)	(20,811)		<u> </u>	_
Z1	Balance at December 31, 2023	4,076,396	581,654	176,258	327,892	255,333	(399,105)	(13,417)	(412,522)	5,005,011	554,742	5,559,753
B1 B3 B5	Appropriations of 2023 earnings (Note 25) Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends to shareholders of the Company – \$0.25 per share			7,435	84,630	(
D1	Net income for the year ended December 31, 2024	-	-	-	-	422,003	-	-	-	422,003	93,647	515,650
D3	Other comprehensive profit (loss) after tax for the year ended December 31, 2024					13,051	168,582	12,843	<u>181,425</u>	<u>194,476</u>	26,613	221,089
D5	Total comprehensive profit (loss) after tax for the year ended December 31, 2024	_	_	_	_	435,054	168,582	12,843	181,425	616,479	120,260	736,739
O1	Cash dividends from the subsidiaries (Note 25)	-		_	-	_	<u>-</u> _	-	_	_	(57,352)	(57,352)
O1	Decrease in non-controlling interests (Note 25)				<u>-</u>		-	_		_	(170,415)	(170,415)
Q1	Disposal of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 25)	_	_	_		11,694	-	(11,694)	(11,694)			-
Z1	Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 4,076,396</u>	<u>\$ 581,654</u>	<u>\$ 183,693</u>	<u>\$ 412,522</u>	<u>\$ 508,106</u>	(\$ 230,523)	(\$ 12,268)	(\$ 242,791)	\$ 5,519,580	<u>\$ 447,235</u>	\$ 5,966,815

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chairman: Yeh, Chia-Ming

Manager: Yu, Yi-Nung

Accounting Manager: Huang, Hsiu-Feng

De Licacy Industrial Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code			2024		2023	
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
A10000	Income before tax	\$	686,210	\$	190,491	
A20000	Adjustments for:					
	Revenues/Expenses					
A20100	Depreciation		548,459		557,337	
A20200	Amortization		2,485		2,076	
A20300	Expected credit loss		11,746		41,723	
A20400	Loss (Gain) on financial assets and					
	liabilities measured at fair value through					
	profit or loss	(9,713)		14,431	
A20900	Finance costs		213,776		235,257	
A21200	Interest income	(32,500)	(122,425)	
A21300	Dividend income	(8,096)	(9,134)	
A22300	Share of losses of associates accounted for					
	using the equity method		40,763		31,605	
A23200	Gain on disposal of investments accounted					
	for using equity method	(104,301)		-	
A22500	Loss on disposal of property, plant and					
	equipment		136,578		30,548	
A22800	Loss (gain) on disposal of intangible assets	(7,153)		121	
A23700	Inventory valuation and obsolescence					
	losses		129,243		_	
A24100	Unrealized foreign exchange losses		39,429		68,198	
A29900	Allowance (reversal) for refund liability	(3,016)	(2,336)	
A29900	Gains from lease amendment	`	-	Ì	4,264)	
	Changes in operating assets and liabilities				-,,	
A31130	Notes receivable (include related parties)		62,865		40,271	
A31150	Accounts receivable (include related		,		,	
1101100	parties)	(623,538)		268,662	
A31180	Other receivables (include related parties)	(21,553		27,854	
A31200	Inventory	(579,808)		591,312	
A31230	Prepayments	(92,922)		60,259	
A31240	Other current assets	(300,015)	(155,942)	
A31990	Net defined benefit assets – non-current	(6,387)	(3,687)	
A32130	Notes payable	(29,078)	(67,758)	
A32150	Accounts payable	(279,341	(120,254)	
A32160	Accounts payable-related parties		129,922	(20,807)	
A32180	Other payables		205,396	(155,992)	
A32190	Other payables-related parties		8,774	(926)	
A32230	Other current liabilities		33,670	(34,476)	
A32230 A32990	Long-term deferred income		279,328	(299,015)	
				(1,163,129	
A33000 A33100	Cash generated from operations Interest received		1,033,011 31,640		123,931	
A33200	Dividends received		8,096			
A33300		((9,134 241,871)	
	Interest paid	(229,939)	(
A33500	Income tax paid	(74,022)	(19,811)	
AAAA	Cash generated from operations (net)		768,786		1,034,512	
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
B00010	Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through					
	other comprehensive income-current	(69,056)	(37,274)	
B00020	Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other	`	, /	`	/	
	comprehensive income-current		67,096		165,643	
B00040	Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost	(1,170,516)	(6,458,127)	
	The state of the s	,	-,,)	(-,,- - - /	

(Continued)

Code			2024		2023
B00060	Principal repayment of financial assets at maturity	ф.	1 (72 040	•	9 520 092
B00100	measured at amortized cost Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through	\$	1,672,949	\$	8,520,082
D 00100	profit or loss	(19,647)	(761,722)
B00200	Disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit	`	15,017	,	, 01,, 22)
	or loss		19,619		776,157
B01800	Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity		ŕ		ŕ
	method	(18,609)	(11,454)
B01900	Disposal of investments accounted for using equity				
D02400	method		164,773		-
B02400	Refund of paid-up capital from capital reduction of		207.010		
D02700	subsidiaries Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(287,819	(1 222 126)
B02700 B02800	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	(531,628)	(1,233,126)
D 02000	equipment		67,303		30,544
B03700	Increase in refundable deposits	(2,213)	(1,551)
B03800	Decrease in refundable deposits		12,001		2,981
B04100	Increase in other receivables – related parties	(100,000)		-
B04400	Decrease in other receivables (including related				
	parties)		45,617		162,282
B04500	Acquisition of intangible assets	(419)	(3,958)
B05350	Acquisition of right-of-use assets	(957)	(976)
B07100	Increase in prepayments for equipment	(39,578)		17.042
B07200	Decrease in prepayments for equipment Received dividends from associated companies		7.096		17,843
B07600 B09900	Proceeds from disposal of right-of-use assets		7,086 5,018		31,178 5,34 <u>6</u>
BBBB	Net cash generated from investing activities		396,658	_	1,203,868
DDDD	The cash generated from investing activities		370,030		1,203,000
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
C00100	Increase in short-term loans		16,029,961		18,535,857
C00200	Decrease in short-term loans	(15,814,171)	(20,009,764)
C00500	Increase in short-term notes payable		14,936,136		16,636,140
C00600	Decrease in short-term notes payable	(14,556,060)	(16,786,240)
C01600	Loan of long-term debt	(3,733,028	(7,065,685
C01700 C03000	Repayment of long-term debt	(4,896,760)	(7,722,002) 23,446
C03000 C03100	Increase in deposits received Decrease in deposits received	(18,601 23,071)	(64,446)
C03700	Increase in other payables-related parties	(23,071)	(151,155
C03800	Decrease in other payables-related parties	(18,423)	(155,543)
C04020	Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(16,413)	(24,803)
C04500	Cash dividends	Ì	101,910)	Ì	153,826)
C04600	Cash capital increase of subsidiary		3,684	•	82
C04700	Cash capital decrease of subsidiary	(106,132)	(67,410)
C05800	Payment of cash dividends of non-controlling				
2222	interests	(57,352)	(11,346)
CCCC	Net cash generated used in financing activities	(868,882)	(2,583,015)
DDDD	EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE				
טטטט	BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
	HELD IN FOREGIN CURRENCIES		201,922	(17,340)
			201,722	\	17,5.0
EEEE	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH				
	EQUIVALENTS		498,484	(361,975)
E00100	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE				
	BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		989,952		1,351,927
E00200	CARL AND CARL EDITIVALENTS AT THE END OF				
E00200	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	•	1 /188 /136	Ф	080 052
	THE TEAK	\$	1,488,436	<u>\$</u>	989,952

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chairman: Yeh, Chia-Ming Manager: Yu, Yi-Nung Accounting Manager: Huang, Hsiu-Feng

Case 2: Submitted by Board of Directors

Cause of action: Herewith is proposal for the 2024 Earnings Distribution of the company, please acknowledge.

- Explanation: (1) 2024 Earnings Distribution Statement of the Company has been completed in edition as follows.
 - (2) Approved by Board of Directors of the Company on Mar 10, 2025.

DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. Earnings Distribution Statement 2024

Unit: New Taiwan Dollar

ITEM		AMOUNT		AMOUNT
Undistributed surplus, beginning of the period			\$	61,358,097
Plus: Net income after tax, current period	\$	422,003,101		
Plus: Accumulated gains and losses from the disposal of equity				
instruments measured at fair value through other				
comprehensive gains and losses are directly transferred to				
retained earnings		11,693,512		
Plus: Defined benefit plan remeasurements recognized in				
retained earnings		13,050,652		
Plus: Retained earnings adjusted for investments using the				
equity method	_	<u>-</u>		
The net profit after tax of the current period plus the amount of				
items other than the net profit after tax of the current period				116717065
included in the undistributed surplus of the current year			,	446,747,265
Less: Provision of statutory surplus reserve (10% After-tax)			(44,674,727)
Plus: According to law Provision of special surplus reserve				169,731,366
Distributable surplus for the current period				633,162,001
Distributed Items:				
shareholder dividend (NT\$0.50 per share)-paid in cash			(179,361,420)
shareholder dividend (NT\$0.44 per share)-paid in shares			(203,819,796)
Undistributed surplus, end of the period				249,980,785

- Note 1: The base date for distribution of cash dividends and matters related to the distribution of cash dividends shall be determined by the Board of Directors after the resolution of the general shareholders' meeting.
- Note 2: If the cash dividend is less than NT\$1, it will be unconditionally rounded off for calculation, and the remaining cash dividend amount will be transferred to the employee welfare committee.
- Note 3:The number of shareholders' dividend distributable shares is calculated based on the number of outstanding shares of 407,639,591 shares. If there is a change in the Company's share capital that may affect the number of outstanding shares and the dividend rate of shareholders needs to be revised, it shall be proposed to the general shareholders' meeting for conduct with authorization of the chairman of the Board of Directors.
- Note 4: According to the Ministry of Finance's April 30 1998 Tai Cai Shui Letter No. 871941343, when distributing surplus, the method of individual identification shall be adopted. The principle of this surplus distribution is to give priority to the distribution of 2024 surplus.

Person in charge: Ye Jiaming Manager: Yi-Nung Yu Accounting Supervisor: Huang Hsiu-Fen

Resolution:

Matters for Discussion

Case 1:

Submitted by Board of Directors

Subject: Proposal to amend the company's Articles of Incorporation, respectfully submitted for approval.

Explanation: 1. Main amended provisions:

Chapter 1: General Provisions Article 2: Add the business scope of the company to include C301010 Spinning Industry.

Chapter 6: Accounting Article 26: Specify that annual profits shall allocate no less than 0.05% and no more than 10% for adjusting salaries or distributing remuneration to entrylevel employees.

2. The comparison table of amended provisions is as follows:

		or differenced provisions is distributed	
Article No.	Before	After	Explanation
Chapter 1 Article 2:	 manufacturing and trading business of Plisse', blended fabric, jacquard, check, stretch fabric, chemical fabric, polyester staple fiber, Silk and other textiles. 2.The business of manufacturing, trading, processing and import and export trade of the products mentioned in the preceding paragraph and related yarn materials. 3. C802020 Manmade Fiber Manufacturing. 4. F104010 Wholesale of Fabrics. 5. F107020 Wholesale of Dyes and Pigments. 6. F113100 Wholesale of Pollution Controlling Equipment. 7. F204010 Retail sale of Fabrics. 8. H701040 Specific Area Development. 	are as follows: 1. Printing and dyeing, finishing, processing, manufacturing and trading business of Plisse', blended fabric, jacquard, check, stretch fabric, chemical fabric, polyester staple fiber, Silk and other textiles. 2. The business of manufacturing, trading, processing and import and export trade of the products mentioned in the preceding paragraph and related yarn materials. 3. C802020 Manmade Fiber Manufacturing. 4. F104010 Wholesale of Fabrics. 5. F107020 Wholesale of Dyes and Pigments. 6. F113100 Wholesale of Pollution Controlling Equipment. 7. F204010 Retail sale of Fabrics. 8. H701040 Specific Area Development. 9. H701020 Industrial Factory Development and Rental. 10.C306010 Wearing Apparel. 11.ZZ99999 All business items that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those that are subject to special approval.	Add the business scope of the company to include C301010 Spinning Industry.
	approval.		0 10 1
Chapter 6 Article 26:	(Employee remuneration, entry-level employee salary adjustments or remuneration distribution, and director remuneration)		Specify that a certain percentage range of
	it shall contribute no less than 4% as	If the Company makes profits for the year, it shall contribute no less than 4% as employee bonus, which shall be distributed in stock or	shall be

	and no more than 10% for entry-level	cash by the resolution of the Board of	entry-level
		Directors. The employees of the affiliated	
		company who meet certain conditions shall be	
	distributed in stock or cash by the	granted; the Company can increase the amount	adjustments or
		of profit. The director bonus shall be no more	
	1 7	than 3% contributed by the resolution of the	
		Board of Directors. The distribution of	
		employee bonus and director bonus shall be	
	profit. The director bonus shall be no more		
	than 3% contributed by the resolution of		
	the Board of Directors. The distribution of		
	employee bonus and director bonus shall		
	be reported to the shareholders' meeting.		
	TI 1 0 0 0 111 1		
	A •	However, when the Company still has	
		accumulated losses, it shall reserve the	
	•	compensation amount in advance, and then	
	¥ •	contribute the employee bonus and director	
		bonus in proportion to the preceding	
	preceding paragraph.	paragraph.	
Article 28:	Add according to the original provisions	Omitted.	Add the
2000	(31st amendment on June 10,2025.		amendment
			date.

Resolution:

Case 2:

Submitted by Board of Directors

Cause of action: Proposal in discussion for transfer of surplus into capital increase and issuance of new shares, please ratify

- Explanation: 1. To enrich working capital and for the need of future business development, shareholder dividends of NT\$179,361,420 was proposed for allocation from the distributable surplus in 2024, and transfer of surplus into capital increase and issuance of new shares for NT\$17,936,142 shares, with a par value of NT\$10 per share.
 - 2. The base date for distribution of stock dividends and matters related to the distribution of stock dividends shall be determined by the Board of Directors after the resolution of the general meeting of shareholders and the approval of the competent authority.
 - 3. According to the shareholding proportion by shareholders listed in the shareholder register on the base day of capital increase and allotment, 44 shares free of charge shall be distributed for every thousand shares, while the allotment of odd and less than one share shall be done by the shareholder within five days from the date of account transfer. If the allotment not conducted within the time limit or if the amount of balance of such distributable surplus profit is less the par value of one share, it shall be paid in cash in compliance with Article 240 of the Company Act, with round up to NT\$1, and the shares shall be purchased by designated person by the authority of the chairman.
 - 4. The right and obligation of the new shares issued in this capital increase are same as those of the original shares.
 - 5. Thereafter, if there is change to company's share capital (including but not limited to factors such as capital increase or treasury stock capital reduction) before the base date of capital increase, which affects the total number of outstanding shares, resulting in a change in the ratio of allotment of shareholders, the adjustment shall be proposed to the shareholders' meeting for the authorization by the chairman.
 - 6. If there are unfinished matters in this capital increase due to changes in laws or changes in the competent authority's approval, the chairman of the Board of Directors shall be fully authorized for handling.

Resolution:

Extraordinary motions

Articles of DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Chapter 1 General Provisions

- Article1: The Company is organized in accordance with the provisions of the Company Law and named as DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
- Article 2: The businesses operated by the Company are as follows:
 - 1. Printing and dyeing, finishing, processing, manufacturing and trading business of Plisse', blended fabric, jacquard, check, stretch fabric, chemical fabric, polyester staple fiber, Silk and other textiles.
 - 2. The business of manufacturing, trading, processing and import and export trade of the products mentioned in the preceding paragraph and related yarn materials.
 - 3. C802020 Manmade Fiber Manufacturing.
 - 4. F104010 Wholesale of Fabrics.
 - 5. F107020 Wholesale of Dyes and Pigments.
 - 6. F113100 Wholesale of Pollution Controlling Equipment.
 - 7. F204010 Retail sale of Fabrics.
 - 8. H701040 Specific Area Development.
 - 9. H701020 Industrial Factory Development and Rental.
 - 10. C306010 Wearing Apparel.
 - 11. ZZ99999 All business items that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those that are subject to special approval.
- Article 3: The Company has a head office in Tainan City, and if necessary, the Board of Directors may decide to set up domestic or abroad branches.
- Article 3-1: When the Company reinvests in another company and becomes a limited liability shareholder, the total amount of investment shall not exceed 40% of the paid-in share capital as stipulated in Article 13 of the Company Act, but shall be determined by the Board of Directors for agreement.
- Article 3-2: The Company may endorse and guarantee externally for business needs, and its operations shall be handled in accordance with the Company's Management of Endorsement and Guarantees.
- Article 4: The Company's announcement method shall be handled in accordance with Article 28 of the Company Act.

Chapter 2 Shares

Article 5: The total capital of the Company is set at NT\$4.8 billion, divided into 480 million shares, all of which are ordinary shares, and the Board of

Directors is authorized to issue them in installments as needed.

Article 6: The Company's stocks are all registered, signed or stamped by three or more directors, and issued after obtaining visas in accordance with the law. When the Company issues new shares, it may print or exempt shares based on the total number of shares issued.

The shares issued by the Company may be exempt from printing shares and should be registered with TDCC.

- Article 7: The Company's stock affairs are handled in accordance with "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies", relevant laws and regulations, and the regulations of the competent authority.
- Article 8: The period during which the Company ceases stock transfer shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act and other relevant laws and regulations.

Chapter 3 Shareholders' meeting

- Article 9: The Company's shareholders' meeting is divided into the following two categories:
 - 1.Regular shareholders' meeting: it is convened at least once a year, convened by the Board of Directors, and held within six months after the end of each fiscal year.
 - 2. Temporary shareholders' meeting: convened when necessary in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act.
- Article 10: The procedures for convening the shareholders' meeting of the Company shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act and other relevant laws and regulations.
- Article 11: When the shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the chairman of the board shall be the chairman. When the chairman of the board asks for leave or is unable to exercise his authority for some reason, his agency shall be handled in accordance with Article 208, Paragraph 3 of the Company Act.
 - When the shareholders' meeting is convened by a convening person other than the Board of Directors, the convening person shall be the chairman, and if there are two or more convening persons, one of the other persons shall be elected as the chairman.
- Article 12: When a shareholder is unable to attend the shareholders' meeting for some reason, it shall be handled in accordance with Article 177 of the Company Law and the "Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholders' meetings of Public Companies" issued by the competent authority.

- Article 13: The voting rights of shareholders shall be one right per share.
- Article 14: Unless otherwise provided by relevant laws and regulations, the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting shall be attended by shareholders representing more than half of the total number of issued shares, and shall be implemented with the approval of more than half of the voting rights of the shareholders present. According to the regulations of the competent authority, shareholders of the Company can also exercise their voting rights electronically. Shareholders who exercise their voting rights electronically are deemed to be present in person, and related matters are handled in accordance with laws and regulations.
- Article 15: The meeting minutes of the shareholders' meeting shall be signed or sealed by the chairman, and the minutes shall be distributed to all shareholders within 20 days after the meeting. The minutes are kept in the Company together with the signature book of the shareholders present and the proxy attendance letter.

The meeting minutes may be produced and distributed in electronic form.

The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the chair's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted, and a summary of the deliberations and their voting results. The minutes shall be retained for the duration of the existence of the Company.

The retention period of the signature book of attending shareholders and the power of attorney for proxy attendance shall be at least one year unless otherwise provided by the Company Act.

The distribution of the minutes of the shareholders' meeting of the Company can be done in the form of announcement.

Chapter 4 Directors and Audit Committee

Article 16: The Company has five to nine directors, all of whom are elected by the shareholders' meeting who are capable of conduct. The term of office is three years, and they may be re-elected. The number of independent directors established in the number of directors in the preceding paragraph shall not be less than two, and shall not be less than one-fifth of the number of directors. The election of directors adopts the candidate nomination system in Article 192 of the Company Act, and the shareholders shall select from the list of candidates for directors. The method of accepting the nomination of director candidates, announcements and other related matters shall be handled in accordance with relevant laws and regulations of the Company Act and the Securities Exchange Law. However, the total number of registered shares held by all directors shall be handled in accordance with the "Rules and Review Procedures for Director and Supervisor Share Ownership Ratios at Public Companies" issued by the competent

authority.

- Article 16-1: The Company shall set up an audit committee in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities Exchange Act, and the audit committee shall be responsible for implementing the supervisory authority of the Company Act, the Securities Exchange Act and other laws. The audit committee shall be composed of all independent directors with no less than three persons, one of whom has accounting or financial expertise, and one of them shall be the convener. The resolution of the audit committee shall be approved by more than half of all members.
- Article 17: When the vacancy of directors reaches one-third, the Board of Directors shall convene a by-election at an interim meeting of shareholders within 60 days.
- Article 18: When the term of office of a director expires and is not time for reelection, his executive duties shall be extended until the time when the re-elected director takes office.
- Article 19: The directors organize the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall, with the presence of more than two-thirds of the directors and the approval of more than half of the directors present, elect one of them as chairman, and may elect one of them as vice chairman according to actual needs.

The chairman of the Board of Directors performs all affairs of the Company in accordance with laws, regulations, resolutions of the shareholders' meeting or the Board of Directors.

- Article 20: The Company's operating policies and other important matters shall be resolved by the Board of Directors. Except for the first meeting of the Board of Directors in accordance with Article 203 of the Company Act, the Board of Directors shall convene and serve as the chairman of the Board of Directors. When applying for leave or unable to exercise authority for some reason, the agency shall handle it in accordance with Article 208 of the Company Act.
- Article 21: The Board of Directors of the Company shall notify the directors of the meeting seven days before the meeting, and specify the time, place, and reason for the meeting. However, it must be called at any time in case of emergency. The convocation of the Board of Directors may be notified in writing, fax or e-mail.

 Roard meetings shall be attended by the directors in person. If the

Board meetings shall be attended by the directors in person. If the directors cannot attend in person, they may appoint other directors to act as agents. Unless otherwise stipulated by the Company Act, the resolution of the Board of Directors shall be attended by more than half of the directors and shall be carried out with the consent of more than half of the directors present.

Article 22: The minutes of the Board of Directors shall be prepared and signed or

sealed by the chairman, and the minutes shall be distributed to all directors within 20 days after the meeting. The minutes shall record the essentials and results of the meetings. The minutes should be kept in the Company together with the signature book of the directors present and the proxy attendance letter.

Article 23: Deleted.

Article 23-1: When the directors of the Company perform their business, regardless of the Company's business profit or loss, the payment of their remuneration shall be authorized by the Board of Directors to decide. The Board of Directors may agree on the extent of its participation in the Company's operations and the value of its contribution within 15% of the highest-ranking salary stipulated in the Company's salary assessment method. If there is a surplus, remuneration shall be distributed in accordance with the provisions of Article 26.

Chapter 5 Managers

Article 24: The Company may appoint a manager. The appointment, dismissal and remuneration shall be made by the Board of Directors based on the presence of more than half of the directors and a resolution approved by more than half of the directors present.

Chapter 6 Accounting

Article 25: At the end of the fiscal year of the Company, the Board of Directors shall prepare the following books and forms, which shall be submitted to the audit committee for verification 30 days before the meeting of the shareholders' meeting, and then submitted to the shareholders' meeting for recognition.

- 1. Business report.
- 2. Financial statements.
- 3. Proposals for surplus distribution or deficit compensated.

Article 26: (Employee bonus and director bonus)

If the Company makes profits for the year, it shall contribute no less than 4% as employee bonus, which shall be distributed in stock or cash by the resolution of the Board of Directors. The employees of the affiliated company who meet certain conditions shall be granted; the Company can increase the amount of profit. The director bonus shall be no more than 3% contributed by the resolution of the Board of Directors. The distribution of employee bonus and director bonus shall be reported to the shareholders' meeting.

However, when the Company still has accumulated losses, it shall reserve the compensation amount in advance, and then contribute the

employee bonus and director bonus in proportion to the preceding paragraph.

Article 26-1: (Shareholder dividend + dividend policy)

If there is a surplus in the Company's annual final accounts, it should first pay taxes to make up for previous years' losses. Ten percent of the second deposit is a legal reserve, but when the legal reserve has reached the Company's paid-in capital, it must no longer be reported. The rest shall be reported or reversed to the special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and the balance shall be added to the accumulated undistributed surplus of the previous year as the distributable surplus, which shall be retained by the Board of Directors according to the operational needs.

Chapter 7 Supplementary Provisions

Article 27: Any matters not covered in this Articles of Association shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act and relevant laws and regulations.

Article 28: This Articles of Association was established on June 18, 1982.

The first amendment was made on August 10, 1983.

The second amendment was on February 20, 1987.

The third amendment was on September 10, 1988.

The fourth amendment was on October 10, 1989.

The fifth amendment was made on April 30, 1990.

The sixth amendment was on June 20, 1990.

The seventh amendment was on March 23, 1991.

The eighth amendment was on November 4, 1991.

The ninth amendment was on March 2, 1992.

The tenth amendment was on March 27, 1993.

The eleventh amendment was made on April 25, 1994.

The twelfth amendment was made on April 29, 1996.

The thirteenth amendment was on October 18, 1996.

The fourteenth amendment was made on May 7, 1997.

The fifteenth amendment took place on May 25, 1998.

The sixteenth amendment was on May 27, 1999.

The seventeenth amendment was on June 22, 2000.

The eighteenth amendment was on June 21, 2002.

The nineteenth amendment was on June 20, 2003.

The twentieth revision was on June 10, 2005.

The twenty-first revision was on June 22, 2007.

The twenty-second revision was on June 6, 2008.

The twenty-third revision was on June 16, 2009.

The twenty-fourth amendment was made on June 18, 2010.

The twenty-fifth amendment was on June 20, 2012.

The twenty-sixth amendment was on June 20, 2014. The twenty-seventh amendment was on June 18, 2015. The twenty-eighth amendment was made on June 17, 2016. The twenty-ninth amendment was on June 15, 2018. The thirtieth amendment was on June 21, 2019.

DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Chairman: Ye Jiaming

DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO.,LTD.

Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' meetings

Passed by the 2021 regular shareholders' meeting (2021.07.28)

- Article 1: The rules of procedures for the Company's shareholders' meetings, except as otherwise provided by law, regulation, or the articles of incorporation, shall be as provided in these Rules.
- Article 2: The preparation of documents such as the attendance book, meeting handbook and annual report

The Company shall furnish shareholders and their proxies (collectively, "shareholders") with an attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

The Company shall furnish attending shareholders with the meeting agenda book, annual report, attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and other meeting materials. Where there is an election of directors, preprinted ballots shall also be furnished.

Shareholders shall attend shareholders' meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification.

- Article 3: 1. The convening of shareholders' meetings shall notify each shareholder before 30 days. For shareholders who hold the registered share, it may be done by means of a public announcement made through the MOPS before 30 days; The shareholder's temporary meeting should be notified before 15 days, and for shareholders who hold the registered share, it may be done by means of a public announcement made through the MOPS before 15 days
 - 2. Election or dismissal of directors or supervisors, amendments to the articles of incorporation, reduction of capital, application for the approval of ceasing its status as a public company, approval of competing with the Company by directors, surplus profit distributed in the form of new shares, reserve distributed in the form of new shares, the dissolution, merger, or demerger of the corporation, or any matter under Article 185, paragraph 1, Article 26-1, Article 43-6 of the Securities Exchange Law, Article 56-1 and Article 60-2 of the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers shall be set out and the essential contents explained in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders' meeting. None of the above matters may be raised by an extraordinary motion; the essential contents may be posted on the website designated by the competent authority in charge of securities affairs or the corporation, and such website shall be indicated in the above notice.
 - 3.A shareholder holding one percent or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to the Company a written proposal for discussion at a regular shareholders' meeting. The number of items so proposed,

however, is limited to one only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda, provided a shareholder proposal for urging the corporation to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities may still be included in the agenda by the board of directors. In addition, when the circumstances of any subparagraph of Article 172-1, paragraph 4 of the Company Act apply to a proposal put forward by a shareholder, the Board of Directors may exclude it from the agenda.

- 4. Prior to the book closure date before a regular shareholders' meeting is held, the Company shall publicly announce its acceptance of shareholder proposals in writing or electronically, and the location and time period for their submission; the period for submission of shareholder proposals may not be less than 10 days.
- 5. Shareholder-submitted proposals are limited to 300 words, and no proposal containing more than 300 words will be included in the meeting agenda. The shareholder making the proposal shall be present in person or by proxy at the regular shareholders' meeting and take part in discussion of the proposal.
- 6.Prior to the date for issuance of notice of a shareholders' meeting, this Corporation shall inform the shareholders who submitted proposals of the proposal screening results, and shall list in the meeting notice the proposals that conform to the provisions of this article. At the shareholders' meeting the Board of Directors shall explain the reasons for exclusion of any shareholder proposals not included in the agenda.
- Article 4: The principle of holding a shareholders' meeting place and time
 The location of the Company's shareholder will be held in the place of the
 Company or the place which is convenient for shareholders that is suitable
 for the shareholders' meeting. The beginning of the meeting shouldn't be
 earlier than 9 o'clock in the morning or after three pm.

Article 5: Chairman of the Shareholders, attendees

- 1. Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, the Company's shareholders' meetings shall be convened by the Board of Directors; If a shareholders' meeting is convened by a party with power to convene but other than the Board of Directors, the convening party shall chair the meeting. When there are two or more such convening parties, they shall mutually select a chair from among themselves.
- 2. If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the chairperson of the board. When the chairperson of the board is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the chairperson, its agent is handled in accordance with the third paragraph of Article 208 of the Company Act.
- 3. There should be more than over half of the directors to participate in the shareholders' meeting convened by the Board of Directors.
- 4. The Company may appoint its attorneys, certified public accountants, or related persons retained by it to attend a shareholders' meeting in a non-

voting capacity.

- Article 6: 1. For each shareholders' meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by the Company and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization.
 - 2.A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders' meeting, and shall deliver the proxy form to the Company before five days before the date of the shareholders' meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous proxy appointment.
 - 3. After a proxy form has been delivered to the Company, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company before two business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.
 - 4. When the Company holds a shareholders' meeting, it shall adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic means and may adopt exercise of voting rights by correspondence. When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders' meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights with respect to the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting; it is therefore advisable that the Company avoid the submission of extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals.
 - 5.A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means under the preceding paragraph shall deliver a written declaration of intent to the Company before two days before the date of the shareholders' meeting. When duplicate declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a declaration is made to cancel the earlier declaration of intent.

After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders' meeting in person, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to the Company, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, before two business days before the date of the shareholders' meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders'

meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.

Article 7: Documentation of a Shareholders' meeting by Audio or Video

The Company shall make an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the proceedings of the shareholders' meeting. The recorded materials shall be retained for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

- Article 8: 1. Attendance at shareholders' meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards.
 - 2. The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time. At the same time, relevant information such as the number of non-voting rights and the number of shares present will be announced. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than one hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned.
 - 3. If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders' meeting shall be convened within one month.
 - 4. When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders' meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article 9: Discussion of Proposals

- 1.If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the meeting agenda shall be set by the Board of Directors. Votes shall be cast on each separate proposal in the agenda (including extraordinary motions and amendments to the original proposals set out in the agenda). The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, which may not be changed without a resolution of the shareholders' meeting.
- 2. The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply mutatis mutandis to a shareholders' meeting convened by a party with the power to convene that is not the Board of Directors.
- 3. The chair may not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the meeting agenda of the preceding two paragraphs (including extraordinary motions), except by a resolution of the shareholders' meeting.
- 4.If the chair declares the meeting adjourned in violation of the rules of procedure, the other members of the Board of Directors shall elect a new chair, by agreement of a majority of the votes represented by the attending shareholders, and then continue the meeting.

Article 10: Shareholder speech

- 1.Before speaking, an attending shareholder must specify on a speaker's slip the subject of the speech, his/her shareholder account number (or attendance card number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak will be set by the chair.
- 2.A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually, speak shall be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.
- 3.Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder may not speak more than twice on the same proposal, and a single speech may not exceed 5 minutes. If the shareholder's speech violates the rules or exceeds the scope of the agenda item, the chair may terminate the speech.
- 4. When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders may not speak or interrupt unless they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor; the chair shall stop any violation.
- 5. When the government or juristic person is a shareholder, its representative is not limited to one person. When the juristic person was attended by the shareholders' meeting, the juristic person can only assign a representative of one person. When a juristic person shareholder appoints two or more representatives to attend a shareholders' meeting, only one of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal.
- 6. After an attending shareholder has spoken, the chair may respond in person or direct relevant personnel to respond.

Article 11: Election of directors

- 1. The election of directors at a shareholders' meeting shall be held in accordance with the applicable election and appointment rules adopted by the Company, and the voting results shall be announced on-site immediately, including the names of those elected as directors and the numbers of votes with which they were elected.
- 2. The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

Article 12: The Meeting Minutes

- 1.Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders' meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the meeting and a copy distributed to each shareholder within 20 days after the conclusion of the meeting. The meeting minutes may be produced and distributed in electronic form.
- 2. The Company may distribute the meeting minutes of the preceding paragraph by means of a public announcement made through the MOPS.
- 3. The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place

of the meeting, the chair's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted, and a summary of the deliberations and their voting results (including the number of voting rights), and disclose the number of voting rights won by each candidate in the event of an election of directors or supervisors. The minutes shall be retained for the duration of the existence of the Company.

- 4. The resolution method in the preceding paragraph is based on the chairman's consultation with shareholders. If the shareholders have no objection to the proposal, it should be stated that "Approved without objection after the chairman consulted all the shareholders present"; However, if shareholders disagree with the proposal and put it to the vote, the method of voting and the number of voting rights and the ratio of the number of voting rights should be stated.
- 5. The minutes of the shareholders' meeting shall be kept permanently during the Company's existence, and the Company should disclose it when the Company has a website.

Article 13: Public disclosure

- 1.On the day of a shareholders' meeting, the Company shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation and the number of shares represented by proxies, and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the place of the shareholders' meeting.
- 2.If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders' meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation regulations, the Company shall upload the content of such resolution to the MOPS within the prescribed time period.

Article 14: Discussion of proposals

The chair shall allow ample opportunity during the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals and of amendments or extraordinary motions put forward by the shareholders; when the chair is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chair may announce the discussion closed, call for a vote, and schedule sufficient time for voting.

Article 15: Calculation of voting shares and recusal system

- 1. Voting at a shareholders' meeting shall be calculated based on the number of shares.
- 2. With respect to resolutions of shareholders' meetings, the number of shares held by a shareholder with no voting rights shall not be calculated as part of the total number of issued shares.
- 3. When a shareholder is an interested party in relation to an agenda item, and there is the likelihood that such a relationship would prejudice the interests of the Company, that shareholder may not vote on that item, and may not exercise voting rights as proxy for any other shareholder.
- 4. The number of shares for which voting rights may not be exercised under

- the preceding paragraph shall not be calculated as part of the voting rights represented by attending shareholders.
- 5. With the exception of a trust enterprise or a shareholder services agent approved by the competent securities authority, when one person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more shareholders, the voting rights represented by that proxy may not exceed three percent of the voting rights represented by the total number of issued shares. If that percentage is exceeded, the voting rights in excess of that percentage shall not be included in the calculation.
- Article 16: 1.A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, except when the shares are restricted shares or are deemed non-voting shares under Article 179, paragraph 2 of the Company Act.
 - 2. Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of the Company. Vote counting shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders' meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting shall be announced on-site at the meeting, and a record made of the vote.

Article 17: Recess and resumption of a shareholders' meeting

- 1. When a meeting is in progress, the chair may announce a break based on time considerations. If a force majeure event occurs, the chair may rule the meeting temporarily suspended and announce a time when, in view of the circumstances, the meeting will be resumed.
- 2. If the meeting venue is no longer available for continued use and not all of the items (including extraordinary motions) on the meeting agenda have been addressed, the shareholders' meeting may adopt a resolution to resume the meeting at another venue.
- 3.A resolution may be adopted at a shareholders' meeting to defer or resume the meeting within five days in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act.
- Article 18: 1. Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in the Company's articles of incorporation, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders.
 - 2. The proposal is approved by the chairman in consultation with all shareholders present who have no objections, and its effect is the same as that passed by voting; if there are objections, the voting shall be adopted in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph.
- Article 19: When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected,

and no further voting shall be required.

Article 20: Maintaining order at the meeting place

- 1. Staff handling administrative affairs of a shareholders' meeting shall wear identification cards or arm bands.
- 2. The chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to help maintain order at the meeting place. When proctors or security personnel help maintain order at the meeting place, they shall wear an identification card or armband.
- 3. At the place of a shareholders' meeting, if a shareholder attempts to speak through any device other than the public address equipment set up by the Company, the chair may prevent the shareholder from doing so.
- 4. When a shareholder violates the rules of procedure and defies the chair's correction, obstructing the proceedings and refusing to heed calls to stop, the chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to escort the shareholder from the meeting.
- Article 21: For undecided matters in this rule, the Company Act and the relevant rules of procedure promulgated by the competent authority shall apply.
- Article 22: These Rules shall take effect after having been submitted to and approved by a shareholders' meeting. Subsequent amendments thereto shall be affected in the same manner.

Effect upon business performance and earnings per share of any stock dividend distribution proposed or adopted at the most recent shareholders' meeting.

Item	proposed of adopted at the		Year 2024			
	enited at the beginning of the	nariad	NTD\$4,076,395,910			
The amount of paid-in ca	The amount of paid-in capital at the beginning of the period Cash dividend per share					
	Number of allotment shares	nor chara for conital	NTD\$0.50			
Dividend distribution		s per share for capital	0.44 shares			
this year	increase from earnings	non chana for conital				
	Number of allotment shares		0 shares			
	surplus transferred to comn	IOH STOCK				
	Business interest					
	Increase (decrease) ratio of	operating profit over the				
	same period last year					
	Net profit after tax					
Changes in business	Rate of increase (decrease)	-				
performance	compared with the same pe	riod last year				
	Earnings per share					
	Earnings per share increase					
	same period last year					
	Annual average return on in					
	of the annual average P/E ra	37 . 11 11				
	If the surplus is changed to	Proposed earnings per	Not applicable			
	capital increase, the cash	share	(Note 2)			
	dividend will be found	Proposed annual average				
		return on investment				
D., C.,	If there is not applied for	Proposed earnings per				
Pro forma earnings per	capital reserve transferred	share				
share and price earnings	to common stock	Proposed annual average				
ratios	TC (1 1 1	return on investment				
	If the capital reserve has					
	not been handled, and the	Proposed earnings per				
	surplus is transferred to	share				
	capital increase, it will be					
	paid by cash dividends					

Note 1: As of the resolution of the 2025 regular shareholders' meeting

Note 2: According to the Taiwan Financial Certificate (1) Zi No. 00371 letter dated February 1, 2000 (2000) of the Securities and Futures Bureau, the Company is not required to prepare and announce the 2024 financial forecast, so there is no need to disclose this information.

DE LICACY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Directors' shareholding

- 1. The Company's paid-in capital is NT 4,076,395,910, and the number of issued shares are 407,639,591 shares.
- 2. According to Article 26 of the Securities and Exchange Act, all directors (excluding independent directors) should hold a minimum of 16,000,000 shares.
- 3. The number of shares held by individual and all directors (including independent directors) as recorded in the shareholder register as of the closing date of the shareholders' meeting is as follows:

April 09, 2025

Title	Name	Number of shares held	Shareholding ratio
Chairman of the board	Ye Jiaming	3,485,471	0.86%
director	Ye Jiahao	2,946,211	0.72%
director	Fuhua Investment (Stock) Company Representative: Yu Yineng	31,801,053	7.80%
Independent director	Huang Junren	69,960	0.02%
Independent director	Su Baicheng	13,527	0.00%
Independent director	Huang Shih-ying	0	0.00%
Independent director	Tsai LI-ju	0	0.00%
Total number of shares held by non-independent directors		38,232,735	9.38%
Number of shares	held by all directors	38,316,222	9.40%

Note: The book closure date of this regular shareholders' meeting is from 2025.04.12 to 2025.06.12.